## BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Acc Against:	cusation )	
CHARLES E. GREELEY, M.	.D. {	NO. D-2083
11507 Baird Avenue Northridge, California	) )	L-15432
Physician's and Surged Certificate No. AO-768		
	Respondent.	

## DECISION

The attached Proposed Decision of the Administrative Law

Judge is hereby adopted by the Division of Medical Quality, Board of Medical Quality Assurances its Decision in the above-entitled matter.

This Decision shall become effective on April 11, 1980.

IT IS SO ORDERED March 12, 1980.

DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

A. DAVID AXELRAD, M.D. Secretary-Treasurer

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## BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

CHARLES E. GREELEY, M.D. 11507 Baird Avenue Northridge, California

Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. AO-7685,

Respondent.

NO. D-2083

L-15432

## PROPOSED DECISION

This matter came on regularly for hearing before John A. Willd, Administrative Law Judge with the Office of Administrative Hearings, at Los Angeles, California on January 8, 1980 at the hour of 9:00 a.m. Suzi Tanguay, Deputy Attorney General, appeared on behalf of complainant. The respondent Charles E. Greeley, M.D. failed to appear in person, however, he was represented by his attorney, David A. Berman. Oral and documentary evidence having been received, the matter was submitted and the Administrative Law Judge makes the following findings of fact:

Ι

Robert G. Rowland is the Executive Director of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance and made the Accusation herein in his official capacity.

ΙΙ

On September 10, 1937 respondent was issued physician's and surgeon's certificate No. AO-7685 by the Board of Medical Examiners and since that time said license has been in full force and effect. Counsel for respondent has represented that respondent has not renewed his California Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate but in any event respondent does possess renewal rights to said certificate.

III

At all times mentioned herein:

- A. Aldomets, a trade name (Merck, Sharp & Dohme) for methyldopa, MSO was classified as a dangerous drug within the meaning of Section 4211(k) of the Code.
- B. Biphetamine, a trade name (Pennwalt) for amphetamine derivative Resin form, was classified in Health and Safety Code Section 11055(d)(1) as a Schedule II controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of Sections 4211(c) and (k) of the Code.
- C. Empirin with Codeine #4, a trade name (Burroughs-Wellcome) for aspirin, phenacetin, caffeine, and codeine, classified in Health and Safety Code Sections 11056(d)(1) and (2) as a Schedule III controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of Section 4211(k) of the Code.
- D. Hydrochlorthiozide was classified as a dangerous drug within the meaning of Section 4211(k) of the Code.
- E. Quaalude, a trade name (Rorer) for methaqualone, was classified in Health and Safety Code Section 11056(b)(6) as a Schedule III controlled substance and is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Sections 4211(a) and (k) of the Code.
- F. Ritalin, a trade name (CIBA) for methylphenidate hydrochloride, was classified in Health and Safety Code Section 11055(d)(4) as a Schedule II controlled substance and is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Section 4211(k) of the Code.
- G. Seconal, a trade name (Lilly) for secobarbital, was classified in Health and Safety Code Section 11056(b)(1) as a Schedule III controlled substance and is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Sections 4211(a) and (k) of the Code.
- H. Tuinal, a trade name (Lilly) for secobarbital sodium and amobarbital sodium, was classified in Health and Safety Code Section 11056(b)(1) as a Schedule III controlled substance and is a dangerous drug within the meaning of Sections 4211(a) and (k) of the Code.
- I. Valium, a trade name (Roche) for diazepan, was classified as a dangerous drug within the meaning of Section 4211(k) of the Code.

On the following listed dates respondent wrote prescriptions for a fee which was paid to respondent's medical center for the following named persons and for the following listed drugs without there being a good faith prior medical examination or medical indication therefor as follows:

Date Rx Obtained	Drug & Amount	Payment to Respondent	Purchaser of Rx
1/6/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	\$36.00	C M
1/6/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.	total	
1/12/77	30 Seconal 1-1/2 gr.	\$36.00	Michael B. McGlone
1/12/77	60 Ritalin 20 mg.	total	aka
<i>-,</i> ,	J J		M. O
1/12/77	30 Quaalude 300 mg.	\$36.00	Steve Jennings
1/12/77	30 Valium 10 mg.	total	aka
1/12/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.		S J
1/20/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.	\$22.00	Michael McGlone
1/20/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	total	aka
1/20/77	30 Empirin Cmpd. w/Code	ine #4 (1 gr.)	M. O. C.
2/7/77	30 Quaalude 300 mg.	\$22.00	Steve Jennings
2/7/77	60 Ritalin 20 mg.	total	aka
2/7/77	30 Valium 10 mg.		S J
2/7/77	30 Empirin Cmpd. w/Coce	ine #4	
2/16/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	\$22.00	Michael McGlone
2/15/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.	total	aka
, ==,	1 3		MOO

ΙV

Investigators went to respondent's medical office in an undercover capacity. In all cases the investigators were required to pay a fee to the receptionist prior to seeing respondent. investigators were then required to wait for one hour or longer before they could see respondent in his office. Usually some examination of the undercover investigators was made. The investigators were weighed, blood pressure was taken and perhaps pulse would be taken. Thereafter, the investigators would individually see respondent. Respondent would ask generally "What do you want" and as a rule the requested prescription would be issued without any further discussion. Usually respondent would ask "what else" and other drugs might be mentioned by the undercover investigators. In some instances the investigators would receive the requested drugs and in other instances they would not receive the requested drugs. Respondent at times explained that he would not give uppers with downers. On some occasions respondent would mention that he would be giving a particular drug for sleep or a particular drug to reduce or a particular drug for pain. At no time did any of the undercover investigators make any physical complaint nor did they make any complaint of pain. There was one occasion when respondent asked an undercover investigator "Where's the pain?" The investigator Again respondent asked "Where's the pain? - did not responds you have to have pain." At that time the investigator responded, "In my neck." This conversation, however, did not amount to a good faith prior physical examination nor was it a medical indication sufficient to justify the prescription of a controlled substance.

V

Respondent did on some occasions refuse to give a

prescription for the drugs requested by various investigators. Basically respondent refused to issue "uppers" to the same patient on the same date when respondent had issued a prescription for "downers". Also respondent did keep some record and he would refuse to issue controlled substances at a rate greater than one pill or tablet each day. It is apparent, however, that respondent maintained these restrictions in order to protect himself rather than any concern over the well being of his patients. On more than one occasion respondent advised the investigators that he could not issue a prescription because he would get in trouble or because he would lose his license. On one occasion the receptionist employed in respondent's office noted that the undercover investigator had returned to the office "too soon". The receptionist refused to take the money for the office visit from the investigator. The receptionist explained "you might not get what you want then you'd get mad and want your money back and I cannot give you any money back."

\* \* \* \* \*

Pursuant to the foregoing findings of fact, the Administrative Law Judge makes the following determination of issues:

Respondent has violated Section 11154 of the Health and Safety Code and Section 2399.5 of the Business and Professions Code. By such conduct he has been guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined by Section 2391.5 of the Business and Professions Code and he has subjected his license to disciplinary action pursuant to the provisions of Section 2360 of the Business and Professions Code.

\* \* \* \*

WHEREFORE, THE FOLLOWING ORDER is hereby made:

Physician's and surgeon's certificate number AO-7685 heretofore issued to Charles E. Greeley, M.D. is hereby revoked together with all rights of renewal thereto.

I hereby submit the foregoing which constitutes my Proposed Decision in the above-entitled matter, as a result of the hearing had before me on January 8, 1980, at Los Angeles, California, and recommend its adoption as the decision of the Division of Medical Quality, Board of Medical Quality Assurance.

DATED: 1-25-80

JOHN A. WILLD

Administrative Law Judge

Office of Administrative Hearings

JAW:mh

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5	Attorneys for Complainant			
6				
7				
8	BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY			
9	BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE			
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS			
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
12				
13	In the Matter of the Accusation ) NO. D-2083			
14	Against: ) ACCUSATION			
15	CHARLES E. GREELEY, M.D. ) 11507 Baird Avenue ) Northridge, California )			
16	)			
17	Physician's & Surgeon's ) Certificate No. A0-7685, )			
18	Respondent. )			
19	,			
20	COMES NOW Robert G. Rowland, who as causes for			
21	disciplinary action, alleges as follows:			
22	1. He is the Executive Director of the Board of Medical			
23	Quality Assurance of the State of California (hereinafter referred			
24	to as the "Board") and makes and files this accusation solely in			
25	his official capacity.			
26	2. On or about September 10, 1937, the Board of Medical			
27	Examiners issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No.			

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
STO. 113 (REV. 8-72)

AO-7685 to Charles E. Greeley, M.D. (hereinafter referred to as "respondent"). Said license has been in full force and effect since issuance.

- 3. Section 2360 of the Business and Professions Code (hereinafter referred to as the "Code") provides that every certificate issued may be suspended or revoked. Section 2361 of the Code provides that the Division of Medical Quality (hereinafter referred to as the "Division") of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance shall take disciplinary action against any holder of a certificate who is guilty of unprofessional conduct.
- 4. Section 2399.5 of the Code provides that the prescribing, dispensing, or furnishing dangerous drugs as defined in section 4211 of the Code without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor constitutes unprofessional conduct.
  - 5. Drugs. At all times pertinent herein:
  - A. Aldomets, a trade name (Merck, Sharp & Dohme) for methyldopa, MSC, was classified as a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211(k) of the Code.
  - B. Biphetamine, a trade name (Strasenburgh) for amphetamine derivative resin form, was classified in Health and Safety Code section 11055(d)(l) as a schedule II controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of sections 4211(c) and (k) of the Code.
  - C. Empirin with Codeine #4, a trade name
    (Burroughs-Wellcome) for aspirin, phenacetin, caffeine, and
    codeine, was classified in Health and Safety Code sections

11056(d)(1) and (2) as a schedule III controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211(k) of the Code.

- D. Hydrochlorthiozide was classified as a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211(k) of the Code.
- E. Quaalude, a trade name (Roerig) for methaqualone, was classified in Health and Safety Code section 11056(b)(6) as a schedule III controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of sections 4211(a) and (k) of the Code.
- F. Ritalin, a trade name (CIBA) for methylphenidate hydrochloride, was classified in Health and Safety Code section 11055(d)(4) as a schedule II controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211(k) of the Code.
- G. Seconal, a trade name (Lilly) for secobarbital, was classified in Health and Safety Code section 11056(b)(1) as a schedule III controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of sections 4211(a) and (k) of the Code.
- H. Tuinal, a trade name (Lilly) for secobarbital sodium and amobarbital sodium, was classified in Health and Safety Code section 11056(b)(1) as a schedule III controlled substance and as a dangerous drug within the meaning of sections 4211(a) and (k) of the Code.

I. Valium, a trade name (Roche) for diazepam, was classified as a dangerous drug within the meaning of section 4211(k) of the Code.

6. Respondent is guilty of unprofessional conduct within the meaning of section 2399.5 of the Code in that at respondent's place of business, 6109 Crenshaw Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, on or about the following listed dates, respondent wrote prescriptions for a fee for the following named persons, for the following listed dangerous drugs, without a good faith prior examination and medical indication therefor, as is more particularly alleged hereafter:

	1	1		•
1 2	Date Rx Obtained	Drug & Amount	Payment to Respondent	
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3	1/6/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	\$36.00	C M
4	1/6/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.	total	
5	111			
6	1/6/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	\$36.00	Frank De Cesare
7	1/6/77	100 Aldomets 250 mg.	total	aka
8	1/6/77	100 Hydrochlorthiozide	2 50 mg.	A C
9	///			
10	1/12/77	30 Seconal 1-1/2 gr.	\$36.00	Michael B. McGlone
11	1/12/77	60 Ritalin 20 mg.	total	aka
12				M O
13	///			
14	1/12/77	100 Ritalin	\$22.00	Frank De Cesare
15			total	aka
16				A C
17	///			
18	1/12/77	30 Quaalude 300 mg.	\$36.00	Steve Jennings
19	1/12/77	30 Valium 10 mg.	total	aka
20	1/12/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.		S J
21	111			
22	1/20/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.	\$22.00	Frank De Cesare
23	1/20/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	total	aka
24				A C
25	///			
26	1/20/77	30 Biphetamine 20 mg.	\$22.00	Michael McGlone
27	1/20/77	30 Tuinal 3 gr.	total	aka
COURT PAPER 28 STATE OF CALIFORNIA STD. 113 (REV. 8-72)	1/20/77	30 Empirin Cmpd. w/Cod	eine #4 (1 gr.	) M O
OSP	•			

1 2 2/7/77 30 Quaalude 300 mg. \$22.00 Steve Jennings 2/7/77 60 Ritalin 20 mg. 3 total aka 2/7/77 30 Valium 10 mg. 4 5 2/7/77 30 Empirin Cmpd. w/Codeine #4 6 III7 2/16/77 30 Tuinal 3 gr. \$22.00 Michael McGlone 30 Biphetamine 20 mg. total 8 2/15/77 aka 9

- 7. Section 2391.5 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a violation of any of the statutes of this State regulating controlled substances constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of the State Medical Practice Act.

  Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2000 et seq.
- 8. Section 11154 of the California Health and Safety Code provides in part that, except in the regular practice of his profession, no person shall prescribe a controlled substance to or for any person who is not under his treatment for a pathology or condition other than addiction to a controlled substance, except as provided in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (Health & Saf. Code §§ 11000 et seq.).
- 9. Section 11371 of the Health and Safety Code provides, in part, for punishment by imprisonment of any person who violates section 11154 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 10. Respondent is further guilty of unprofessional conduct within the meaning of section 2391.5 of the Code in that respondent has violated Health and Safety Code section 11154,

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a state statute regulating controlled substances, and that with the exception of the following prescriptions: 100 Aldomets 250 mg. and 100 hydrochlorthiozide 50 mg., purchased by Frank De Cesare, aka Albert Chavez, and two (2) 30 Valium 10 mg. prescriptions, purchased by Steve Jennings, aka Steven Jansson, as referred to in paragraph 6 hereinabove, the facts set forth hereinabove in paragraph 6 are incorporated by reference herein as

WHEREFORE, complainant prays that the Division of Medical Quality of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance hold a hearing on the matters alleged herein and following said hearing, issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending the certificate of licensure, AO-7685, heretofore issued to Charles E. Greeley, M.D., and
- Taking such other and further action as the Board deems necessary and proper.

DATED: OCTOBER 11, 1977

> ROBERT G. ROWLAND

Executive Director

Board of Medical Quality Assurance State of California

Complainant